

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XIII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1893.

NUMBER 5.

TARIFF STATEMENT.

Chairman Wilson Explains the New Measure.

ITS TWO MAIN FEATURES.

The Adoption Wherever It Seemed Practicable of Ad Valorem Instead of Specific Duties, and the Freeing From Taxes of Those Materials of Industry That Lie at the Basis of Production.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Chairman Wilson has issued the following statement in regard to the new tariff bill:

"The Democratic members of the committee on ways and means have felt as none others could feel the momentous responsibility resting upon them, and the magnitude of difficulty and delicacy of the duty assigned them of framing the tariff bill for a nation of 70,000,000 people.

"The bill they were called on to reform is a vast and labyrinthine system of class taxation, the culmination of 80 years control of the taxing power by a few great interests, gathering into their train a host of petty toll gathering. It was carefully framed to prevent, as long as possible, what its author called 'any monkeying with the tariff,' by which he meant any successful effort of the people to undo or to lessen the bounties which its beneficiaries were permitted to write therein in their own words of their own figure.

"It transferred to the free list proper and fruitful revenue articles where most of the taxes paid by the people were received by their movement and greatly increased rates of these articles where all or most of the taxes paid by the people went into private coffers. And it was bolstered up by many defenses, chief among which are a sweep and garnished treasury, and a swollen and colossal scale of permanent expenditures; such are the conditions that confronted us at the threshold of our work.

"The committee have welcomed information and counsel from every trustworthy source, and while they do not exact their bill to escape just criticism in all of its details, they do present to the country as the result of months of patient, anxious toil and of an honest desire to discharge their duty, purged of all taint of local and personal favoritism or prejudice.

"Its main features are two: "First—The adoption wherever it seems practicable of ad valorem instead of specific duties.

"Secondly, the freeing from taxes of those great materials of industry that lie at the basis of production.

"Specific rates of duty are objectionable for these reasons. They frequently conceal a rate of taxation too enormous to be submitted to if exposed in ad valorem terms, as the duty of 8 cents a 100 pounds on salt in bulk, which amounts to over 80 per cent, on a common necessary of life. They always bear heavily on the common article used by the masses and lightly on the expensive article consumed by the rich, as a tax of \$30 on all houses would be little or nothing on the great mansion, and very high on the humble home. And contrary to common belief, specific duties lead to greater frauds in administration, for counting and weighing at the customhouse are done by the cheapest and most easily corrupted labor, while ad valorem rates are assessed by the best paid and most responsible appraisers.

"The ad valorem system has worked well in practice, is essentially the fair system because it is a tax upon the actual value of an article, and was declared by Mr. Clay himself to be in theory and according to every sound principle of justice entitled to the preference and vindicated by long trial.

"The boldest innovation of the bill is its large free list of raw materials. Taxes upon productions are double wrongs. They gather and cumulate on the consumers of finished product. They hurt labor by harrowing the market for what it produces. Coal and iron are the foundations of modern industry. Material progress is measured by the amount of their consumption. No other country can supply them as abundantly or cheaply as we can. No possible competition can interfere with our producers a few miles in the interior of the country. Remoteness from the sources of supply is in itself enough disadvantage to any section of the country without further burdens in tariff taxes.

"Untaxed ores, coal, lumber, wool and other things must immensely stimulate production in certain parts of our country. The thin edge of American manufactures has entered every country. With releases from taxes on their materials there is no limit to the growth of our foreign trade. This will more than compensate the home producers of raw material, who, tariff or no tariff, control all the interior of the country from any apprehended loss of markets anywhere along the seaboard. Its incalculable advantage to labor is apparent. In every great line of manufactures, we can produce in six months to nine months enough for our home market. We can get rid of our surplus only by foreign trade. As long as we have taxes on the materials of industry we can not build up that trade, hence the other alternative trusts to keep down production to the home market.

"The workingman can see whether his interests are with a system that oppresses production and robs him of employment or with a system that gives natural and healthy play to production and emancipates him from trusts and like combinations of capital.

"As to details of the bill, I will briefly recapitulate the salient changes of the several schedules.

"In the chemistry schedule we have

transferred to the free list quite a number of articles used in manufacturing, the most important of which is sulphuric acid, one of the commodities of all chemical industry. The duty on castor oil is reduced from 85 to 35 cents per gallon. And the duty on linseed oil, which was revised to 35 cents by the conference committee of the McKinley bill after each house had openly voted for a lower duty, we put at 15 cents a gallon. Pig lead being reduced from 2 to 1 cent a pound. Lead paints are conspicuously reduced.

"The McKinley bill increased the duty on opium prepared for smoking to \$12 a pound in the vain hope of lessening its importation. The customhouse officers on the Pacific coast declare that this increase of duty has simply placed it in the hands of smugglers, the bringing of opium to the demoralization of the customs service and the loss of over half a million revenue. The duty proposed is believed to be collectible, and will put the traffic under government control and supervision.

"In the pottery schedule reductions are made. Plain white wares decreased from the high schedule in which it mysteriously crowded itself. Decorated ware is reduced from 60 to 45 per cent. Undecorated from 55 to 45 per cent. In common windowglass, where close combinations have kept up the price to consumers under the scales of duties averaging 100 per cent a reduction of more than one-half has been made in all the larger sizes. There is no doubt that these rates will permit a very healthy growth of the industry here. In plate-glass reductions are made, the largest size from 50 cents to 30 cents per square foot, on silvered from 60 to 35 cents.

"In the iron and steel schedule we begin with free ore. The discovery of the immense deposits of Bessemer ores in the lake regions and of foundry ores in Alabama has rapidly swept us to the leadership of the world in the production of iron and steel and brought near at hand an undisputed supremacy in the great field of manufactures. The use of steam shovels reduces the cost of mining to a point where the wages paid 'natural labor' are irrelevant. Pig iron we reduce from 6.72 per ton, which is from 50 to 90 per cent, to a uniform duty of 22 1/2 per cent. A rate somewhat higher in proportion than the rest of the schedule because of cheap freight rates on foreign pig, it being a favorite freight on westward voyages.

"Steel rails we reduce from 13.44 per ton, now 75 per cent, to 25 per cent. As the pool which has kept up prices so many years in this country seems now disorganized, the other producers will soon need protection, more against Mr. Carnegie at Pittsburgh and Mr. Stirling at Chicago than against foreign producers. The residue of the schedule varies from 25 to 30 per cent. Beams and girders are 35 per cent, because of the waste of cutting beams and the variety of lengths and also of the frequent necessity of changing the rolls in making beams and girders, because of the irregular quantities and lengths and sizes of orders.

"Tinplates are reduced to 40 per cent, a little more than one-half of the McKinley rate. This is a revenue duty, and at the same time enough to permit any existing mills to live and flourish. Cheaper grades of pocket cutlery are 35 per cent, higher grades 45. Table cutlery is put at 35 per cent. There are very substantial reductions from present rates, which bring specific reach in some grades of pocket cutlery as high as 90 per cent, but with releases of taxes on raw material, especially on pearl and ivory for handles, seems ample.

"Both copper ore and pig copper are made free, we being large exporters of the latter and the duty serving only to enable the producer to sell higher to our people than to foreigners. Nickel is free. Lead ore has a small duty of 15 per cent. Pig lead 1 cent a pound, silver lead ores are restored to the free list. Unmanufactured lumber is free. Manufactured is put at 25 per cent, with the proviso that in any export duties or charges on foreign lumber, it shall be admitted only at the rates now existing.

"Sugar has been a difficult subject to deal with. Raw sugar was transferred to the free list by the McKinley bill because nearly all the taxes paid on it went to the public treasury. A strong desire among members of the committee was to put an ad valorem duty of 20 or 25 per cent on it, and to abolish the bounty at once. After much consideration it was decided to reduce to one-half the duty on refined sugars, to repeal the bounty one-eighth each year, leaving raw sugar untaxed at present.

"In the tobacco schedule, those rates were sought which would bring most revenue. The present taxes of \$7.75 per pound on wrapper leaf have blotted many small establishments and actually impaired revenue. We make the rates \$1 and \$1.75 per pound on wrapper leaf and 35 cents and 50 cents per pound on filler tobacco untaxed and stemmed in each. Manufactured tobacco is put at 40 cents. Cigars are reduced from \$4.50 per pound and 20 per cent ad valorem to \$3 per pound and 25 per cent. It is believed to be the most productive revenue rate and is higher than the law of 1893.

"Live animals are put at 20 per cent. Barley is reduced from 30 cents per bushel to 20 per cent, which is about 12 cents.

"Breadstuffs, of which we are immense exporters, are made free, except when imported from countries putting duties on our like products, in which case it is 20 per cent.

"First, vegetables, fruits, eggs and like fruit products are ntaxed for the benefit of our own consumers, largely the working people of the cities. Salt in bulk is free; in packages the salt is free, but the covering dutiable at rates prescribed for like articles.

"The tariff on spirits is put at double the internal revenue rates, on like spirits,

its, and some slight reduction is made on still wines, malt liquors, ginger ale and like beverages in the interest of increased revenue. The duty on sparkling wines is likewise slightly reduced for the same reason that on champagne being put at \$7 per dozen quarts as against \$8 in the McKinley bill and \$9 in the law of 1893.

"In cotton manufactures substantial reductions are made, especially on cheap cloths and prints, and the existing system of taxing by count of thread in the square inch is retained. Hemp and flax are made free; dressed line of hemp and lax 1 and 1 1/2 cents respectively. Burlaps and cotton and grain and bagging are put at 15 per cent, but when imported for covering of articles to be exported are duty free.

"Wool is made free. This takes the still from under woolen manufactures and begets the hope that they may recover from the languishing condition in which they have been for a quarter of a century, and that we may get woolen goods at reasonable rates instead of at duties that on the common grades frequently reach 100 per cent, and in cases two or three times that merciles figure.

"Cloths and dry goods are put at 40 per cent. Clothing at 45 per cent; rates higher than the committee desired, but deemed temporarily necessary because our manufacturers have so long been excluded from two-thirds of the wool of the world that they will have the art of manufacturing with free wool. A sliding scale is, therefore, added by which the rates in the woolen schedule are to come down five points with the lapse of five years.

"Carpets, an industry in which we will soon be independent of competition, are put at 35 per cent for Axminster, Brussels, while common grades 50 down to 20 per cent. The bill provides that the duty shall be removed from wool on March 1 and reduced on woolen goods July 1.

"In the silk schedule the reductions of rates are smaller than in cotton or woolen fabrics.

"Sole leather is reduced from 10 to 5 per cent, leather gloves are classified according to material and length, and are uniformly rated at specific duties, which average not over 25 per cent on the common varieties and near 40 per cent on the fine lamb and kid gloves.

"In the schedule of sundries many articles, like hatters' plush are put on the free list. The duty on cut diamonds, pearls and other precious stones is increased. Works of art are, I am delighted to say, put back on the free list.

"The above is a rapid summary of the chief changes made by the proposed bill and will give a satisfactory idea, I believe, of its general structure. It is estimated that it will reduce revenues on the basis of the importations of 1892 about \$50,000,000. Something more on the basis of 1893 with an immensely larger decrease of tax burdens to the American people.

"The administrative law is repealed with a few amendments, suggested by experience of its operation. That law was chiefly prepared by Mr. Hewitt when he was in congress and the changes proposed in our bill are to make it more effective, while at the same time softening some of the features added by the McKinley bill that would treat the business of importing as an outlawry, not entitled to the protection of the government."

Meeting of the Committee.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The meeting of the ways and means committee was very brief. All the Democratic members were on hand, but the only Republican members present were Reed, Burrows, Payne, Hopkins and Dalzell.

Immediately after the roll call Chairman Wilson spread the bill before the committee, and the clerk instantly thereupon supplied it to the members of the press on the outside. The only advance copy furnished was one given to the White House messenger a half hour previous for transmission to the president.

No business whatever was transacted by the committee. The Republican members were supplied with copies of the bill, a few jocular remarks being made, and the committee adjourned to give time to the minority to examine the measure.

MUST DELIVER THE GOODS.

The Supreme Court Decides the Celebrated "Ann Arbor Strike Case."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The supreme court has rendered its decision in the celebrated Lennox railroad case, popularly known as the "Ann Arbor strike case," from Toledo. The supreme court sustains in every point the decision of Judges Taft and Kicks fining Lennox and dismissed the appeal at the cost of the appellant.

This settles the question whether railroad employees have a right to refuse to deliver goods from one railroad to another at any point because a strike is pending upon one or the other roads and decides it in the negative.

Coal Train Wrecked.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Nov. 28.—Train No. 73, eastbound, on the Baltimore and Ohio road was derailed by an axle breaking on a car on a bridge near Hyndman, Pa., 18 miles west of here. The bridge was completely torn down, and 15 cars were precipitated to the bridge below. Seven tramps were seen on the train just before the accident occurred, but have not been seen since and are supposed to be under the wrecked cars in the creek. The cars were all loaded with coal.

Earthquake in Canada.

MONTREAL, Nov. 28.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt here at 11:48 o'clock yesterday, lasting 15 seconds, many buildings receiving a good shaking up, but no serious damage was done. Similar report comes from St. John, Que., and many other Canadian points.

PREFERRED DEATH.

Lineal Descendant of Alfred the Great Suicides in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—Strange developments have followed the fact that an old man known as Augustus M. Scriba suicided in poor lodgings here Friday night by morphine. He was in needy circumstances and despondent. Among his effects was found a letter in which the deceased declared he was a lineal descendant of Alfred the Great and Edmund Ironside of Charlemagne and of Otto the Great of Malcolm Canemare and St. Margaret. But little attention was paid to the letter.

Further investigation among Scriba's effects revealed a record lineage elegantly printed and bound, running over 300 years, and undoubtedly establishing the old man's claims. Other papers found prove Scriba to be well known in New York, where he has a son practicing law, and that he came here from Portland, Or., where he was in 1892 vice president of the National Guarantee and Trust company, and connected with John R. Foster.

It was further discovered that Scriba was examiner of national banks in New York in 1886. A letter from John Agnew to Abram S. Hewitt, ex-mayor of New York, requested that Scriba be retained in the position on account of his efficiency. It is presumed that Scriba came from Portland to this city in search of employment. As he had always been a man of position he objected to taking a menial situation, rather preferring death.

The two trunks and valises found in his room were carefully addressed to Mrs. Mary A. Garrigan, Montrose, on the Hudson, N. Y. He also requested that Mrs. Anna B. Platt of 1000 O street, N. W., Washington, be notified of his death.

Decision Reversed.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Nov. 28.—The celebrated suit of the state of Indiana against the Tolleston Gun club of Chicago to recover nearly 4,000 acres of land in Lake county valued at \$80,000 came up for rehearing in the Porter circuit court Nov. 17, the judge reversing his decision until Monday afternoon. At Crown Point in the former trial the decision was in favor of the club and upon application of the state a new trial was granted under new evidence introduced by the state at the second trial. Judge Gillett holds that the act of congress of 1857 made the title of the state to the lands perfect.

Shot His Wife and Himself.

ELYRIA, O., Nov. 28.—A tragedy occurred in Ridgeville, this county. Herman Harrows, a respected farmer, aged 68, shot his wife, aged 30, in the breast and head. He then placed the revolver to his head and sent a bullet through his own brain, dying instantly. Barrows is a justice of the peace and has been a prominent man in the county for years. Mrs. Barrows may recover. A petty quarrel between the couple prompted the terrible deed.

Warehouse Destroyed by Fire.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 28.—Fire last night destroyed the warehouse owned by Johns Hopkins estate at 23 and 25 South Gay street, at a loss of \$75,000. The building was mainly occupied by offices, the principle one belonging to the Campbell Zell company. Elliott Brothers had \$25,000 worth of cotton on storage and as the house was gutted their property was entirely destroyed. The losses are covered by insurance.

Oldest Editor in Indiana Retires.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Nov. 28.—Judge William C. Talcott, who is 90 years of age, and been connected with the Porter County Vidette nearly 50 years, retires from active journalism, having disposed of his interest in The Vidette to E. L. Welty. The Vidette was the first paper published in this county and the only Republican paper ever published in this city. Mr. Talcott is the oldest editor of the state.

Charged With Killing His Brother.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 28.—Young Walter Eggers, son of a farmer, was arrested yesterday charged with killing his brother, William. They and their father had a quarrel, and both were driven out of the home. William was mysteriously shot and killed shortly after. Walter says William shot himself in a despondent fit. He had had occasional misunderstandings with his sweetheart.

Gave the Officers the Slip.

PORTLAND, Ind., Nov. 28.—The officers of Jacobson township arrested Charles Ellsworth, who is wanted on the charge of manslaughter. Ellsworth stabbed Melville Williams at a Methodist revival some time ago and had never been apprehended. While the officers were taking him over to his father's, in order to get bail, the prisoner gave them the slip and is again at large.

Bloody Scene Witnessed by a Woman.

ATLANTA, Nov. 28.—A desperate duel with a woman as the only witness to the bloody scene and in which a hammer and ax and a pocketknife were the weapons, took place on Currier street. Doc Pittman, one of the duelists, now lies at his home with a fatal wound in the abdomen, while Pritchett, the other, will also die. They quarreled about a business matter.

Threats Follow a Strike.

KOKOMO, Ind., Nov. 28.—Sixty men in the grinding department of the Diamond plateglass works struck against a 20 per cent reduction in wages yesterday and the company threatens to close the factory for the winter, throwing 800 men out of work.

Kept His Word.

GENEVA, O., Nov. 28.—Charles Gallup, a young married man, suicided by shooting himself while intoxicated. He had previously declared that the next time he drank he would die.

POWDERLY IS OUT.

His Resignation Accepted by the Knights of Labor.

HIS SUCCESSOR IS ELECTED.

James R. Sovereign of Iowa Is Now the General Master Workman of the Order. An Entirely New Executive Board Chosen—Proceedings of the Convention Peaceful and Harmonious.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—James B. Sovereign of Iowa was elected general master workman of the Knights of Labor yesterday afternoon by a vote of 23 to 3, James Campbell of Pittsburgh being his opponent. Mr. Sovereign is the third man to hold the office of general master workman in the order since its organization in 1869. Mr. Stevens and Mr. Powderly being the two others.

The day's session was characterized by very peaceful and harmonious proceedings. General Worthy Foreman Bishop occupied the chair. Upon assembling the delegates announced the following nominations for a general executive board, three of whom were to be elected: H. B. Martin, Minnesota; J. W. Kenna, Indiana, James McGuire, District of Columbia; T. C. Honfiker, Maryland; J. Robinson, Indiana; D. L. Roy, South Dakota; S. C. French, Massachusetts. Martin with 24 votes and Kenny and Roy each with 18 were declared elected. B. M. McGuire of New York was elected on Friday, making a complete board of four.

The next business was the resumption of balloting on General Master Workmen Powderly's resignation, which was accepted by 23 to 13 votes. James R. Sovereign, James Campbell and B. M. McGuire were then nominated for the office, but McGuire withdrew. Only one ballot was taken. This resulted as follows: Sovereign 23, and Campbell 3.

The news of his election was immediately telegraphed to Mr. Sovereign, who is expected to be present before adjournment of the general assembly.

WORK OF FIREBUGS.

A Family Only Saved From Death by the Crying of a Child.

WINCHESTER, O., Nov. 28.—The residence of John S. Eddy, at Belfast, north of here, was discovered on fire by an 8-months-old child's crying and awakening the mother, who then smelled the smoke. The balance of the family was aroused and made their escape just as the building fell. Everything was destroyed.

Shortly afterward the large barn belonging to Joel Calvert, just east of town, containing a horse, cow, calf, corn, wheat and a buggy, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss on both buildings is over \$2,000. Small insurance. It was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

DYNAMITE OR A JOKE.

Chancellor Von Caprivi Becomes Frightened Over a Small Wooden Box.

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—Chancellor Von Caprivi yesterday received a small wooden box from Orleans. It was handed to the chancellor's aide-de-camp, Major Ebner, who, becoming suspicious, examined the box and found that it was an infernal machine. Major Ebner is reported to have skillfully rendered the infernal machine harmless.

Another report says that the whole affair was the work of a practical joker, and that the box only contained sawdust.

Granted a New Trial.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 28.—Deputy Collector W. P. Shaw, convicted recently of violating the civil service laws, has been granted a new trial by Judge Barr of the federal district court. The decision is based practically upon Shaw's affidavit that he was ignorant of the fact that he was tried by but 11 jurors. The attorneys for the defense were mildly roasted by the court for not having informed their client that they had entered into an argument to excuse a juror because of sickness in his family.

Work of a Band of Thieves.

WINCHESTER, O., Nov. 28.—The gang of thieves, supposed to be a band of gypsies, who have been raiding the country stores and farms in this and Brown counties during the past three months, made another raid last night, securing wheat, corn and a large amount of poultry, especially turkeys. The country store and postoffice at Five Points was entered and a large quantity of goods and cheap jewelry taken, besides a bag of silver money.

Refuse to Settle.

WARREN, O., Nov. 28.—Two Warren banks, the First National and Western Reserve National, refuse to accept the proposition made by the attorneys for David R. Paige to settle on a 50 per cent basis. The Second National has consented to it. The suits now pending here against Paige and which remain unsettled are for amounts aggregating \$33,000 and were commenced by four banks, three in Trumbull county and one in Mahoning.

Mine on Fire.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Nov. 28.—The timbering on the third level of the Pevabic mine caught fire yesterday afternoon, and the 350 men were forced to the surface. The mine has been hermetically sealed in an attempt to smother the flames, and it is impossible to estimate the damage. The Pevabic is the only mine working here and unless the fire is soon smothered, it means a hard blow to the miners.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS:
One Year, \$3.00 Three Months, 75
Six Months, 1.50 One Month, 25
DELIVERED BY CARRIER:
Per Week, 6 cents
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1893.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

November Election, 1894.
County Judge,
THOMAS R. PHISTER.
County Clerk,
T. M. PEARCE.
County Attorney,
FRANK P. O'DONNELL.
Sheriff,
J. C. JEFFERSON.
Assessor,
JOHN C. EVERETT.
Surveyor,
W. C. PELHAM.
Coroner,
JAMES C. OWENS.
Jailer,
R. C. KIRK.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Rain, clearing in southern portion; brisk and high south-west winds; slightly colder Tuesday night.

In the fight a year ago in Ohio the tariff question was fairly before the people, and the usual Republican majority of about 20,000 dwindled to about 1,000. Of course the tariff will be revised.

The shoe manufacturing business at Ironton is flourishing, says the Irontonian. A factory of this kind would flourish here in Maysville just as well as the factories at Ironton, Portsmouth, Ripley and Georgetown. Why not? None of the places named offer a better location than Maysville for such enterprises.

The Owensboro Inquirer figures out that "the generous and affable editor sometimes pays as much as \$10 a ticket to these diverting (theatrical) exhibitions," and that on an average each pass costs about \$3 in advertising space. The Inquirer's experience in such matters is that of every other paper. Still the newspaper man is classed as a "dead-head."

HERE are some interesting figures. In September, 1888, Uncle Sam's Treasury held \$332,551,306 of gold; October 19 last it held only \$160,763,584. During the four months ending with October there was the unparalleled increase of \$125,000,000 in the money in circulation, bringing the average per capita to a higher figure than ever before, despite the financial stringency.

Vokes, the Covington prize fighter, ran up against the wrong man last week. He had been anxious for a contest in the ring for some time and his wish was at last gratified. But he got the worst of it, and was wandering about Covington Saturday in a badly battered condition, crying like a child over his defeat. If Charley will only turn his talents now to some commendable calling his defeat will prove a good thing for him.

For days after the late election Republican papers had a great deal to say about Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee having modified their views on the tariff. These Republican editors imagined the Democrats would be almost afraid to put anything on the free list, and it was amusing to see how they carried on. But it is now evident their information on the subject was very limited. The new tariff bill is about completed as far as the committee is concerned, and the free list will include wool, iron ore, coal, cotton ties, copper, lumber, chocolate, salt, binding twine, flax, lead ore and many other articles of less importance. Republican ranters will now change their cry.

Property For Sale.

I will sell privately the home place of the late John McCarthy, on the south side of the Germantown pike, just outside the city limits. A good frame house and never-failing spring on the place. The lot fronts 100 feet and 8 inches, and extends back the same width 105 feet. Will be sold cheap. Apply to M. J. McCarthy, this office.

Last Call For City Taxes.

Notice is hereby given that Wednesday, December 6th, is the last day for the payment of city taxes. On the following Thursday a list of all unpaid will be furnished to Connell, who will order same to be sold. JAMES W. FITZGERALD, Collector and Treasurer. Office: Keith-Schroeder Harness Co.'s.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known, and every family should have a bottle.

COUNTY CULLINGS.

Items Picked Up by the Bulletin's Correspondents in Mason and Elsewhere.

MAYSLEICK.

The Stonewall House is receiving a new metal roof and other needed repairs.

Born, to the wife of John Huffman, one evening last week, a fine baby boy—their first born. J. A. Jackson is offering some great bargains in clothing, boots and other winter goods. Give him a call.

Mrs. Joseph H. Brown left Monday morning for the Queen City to visit her many friends for a few weeks.

Walter Forman, one of our enterprising young men, left for Kansas last week to engage in the livery business.

The Christian Church closed a three-weeks meeting a short time since with ten additions. E. L. Frazier did the preaching.

Our Baptist brethren closed a three-weeks meeting last week with twelve additions. Rev. Ramsey, of Paris, did the preaching.

S. G. Gilmore and Phil. Knedler, of Augusta, two of the most genial drummers on the road, were at the Stonewall House last week with a big line of samples.

We took in Maysville last week, the first time in six months. We found business very quiet and Rosser in a bad humor over some spiritual pictures he had lately received by mail from Chicago.

Professor W. R. Chandler and his assistant, Miss Pelham, went to Lewisburg last Saturday to attend the teachers' institute. They speak very highly of the hospitable manner in which the visitors were entertained.

James S. Pogue, one of our best and most prosperous farmers, left last week for New York and will return in a short time with a lovely bride—Miss Mollie L. Jones, of Ashland. She is well known in this vicinity and a great favorite.

Judge C. G. Worthington and Marshal John Mitchell spent several days in Lewis County last week, fishing and hunting, but the weather being a little too cool for them they had small returns for their labor, though they enjoyed their trip.

J. A. Jackson leaves on the early train Thursday morning for Lexington, to have his eyes treated by a specialist. He will be absent several days spending a time with his mother-in-law on Cane Ridge. His son accompanies him that far.

Henry A. Hart, our new barber, went up in Nicholas County a short time since and returned with a lovely bride. They are now spending their honeymoon in the Clary building, happy as a pair of turtle doves. Call on him at the Stonewall House for a smooth shave, hair cut, &c.

ORANGEBURG.

Wm. Bullock, of Louisville, and Claude Tucker were here Friday.

Several went to Flemingsburg Monday to attend the stock sales and County Court.

Miss Mollie Hord, of Richland, Lewis County, is visiting her brother, Dr. W. H. Hord.

The first dancing party of the season was at Jesse A. Cooper's Friday night. They all say they had a good time.

David G. Wilson, of the firm of Wilson Bros., went Friday evening to North Liberty, O., on his bicycle to see his parents, and returned Sunday evening.

The Christian Endeavors had a social at David Dieksou's last Thursday evening. There was a large crowd present, and they report a most enjoyable time.

EAST LIMESTONE.

Killing hogs is the order of the day.

Frank Williams is spending a week with his sick cousin, Pelham Degman, at Springdale.

The new grocery and lunch store and coal yard at Whaley is appreciated in this neighborhood. An honest grocer and dealer can do well in an honest neighborhood.

Richard C. Williams has returned from Lane, Kansas. He reports it a fine country, "the land of plenty," as has been truly said, everyone seeming to live in ease and luxury. He also reports his brother-in-law, Mr. John R. Owens, a resident of less than a year of that place, doing well, and, like himself, could not keep house without the Maysville BULLETIN. Mr. Williams was entertained most cordially and made many warm friends, but nevertheless returned home with the impression that there was no place like his little old "hermitage" home under the hill.

Charged to a Woman.

A woman again. We learn that the promoter of the recent revolution in the republic of Guatemala, through which a dictatorship has been set up, was an ambitious woman, the American wife of General Barrios, a lady whose name is not unknown in New York. The enemies of Barrios in Guatemala declare that it was she who induced him to proclaim himself dictator, and who is the author of the arbitrary policy under which the country is ruled at this time, and under which the deputies are kept in prison and the army is held ready for action and suspected persons are banished, and the people are compelled to keep as quiet as they can. The enemies of Barrios say that he has neither the pluck nor the brains needed for a dictator, and that he is merely the tool of the determined American woman whom he took to wife.

She may yet rue the day in which she conceived the dictatorship. The anti-Barrios Guatemalans are aroused against her. They denounce her in whispers. They condemn her in placards, which are stuck up in the night time on the dead walls and fences of the city of Guatemala la Nueva. They get out circulars, which are surreptitiously printed and secretly distributed, in which she is characterized as an "American interloper." There is no doubt that she is in danger. If the Constitutionalists who are lurking around the capital and on the Salvadorian frontier, stealthily preparing to take the field against the dictatorship, shall overthrow Barrios, we cannot say that she will not suffer as hard a lot as she has been charged with inflicting upon others. We are surprised at her course. Americans ought to be the champions of democratic freedom and republican institutions everywhere.—New York Sun.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

REV. R. G. WILDER, Princeton, N. J., says:—"I find nothing helps so much to keep me in working condition as Simmons Liver Regulator."

See that you get the Genuine, with red Z on front of wrapper.

PREPARED ONLY BY J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE FINEST TRAIN IN AMERICA

Is Conceded to be the Southwestern Limited Via Big Four Route to New York.

This magnificent Wagner train has been built especially for service between Cincinnati, New York and Boston, running through solid to these cities without change of cars. Composed of elegant coaches, Wagner sleeping cars, library and cafe car and hotel dining car it has become famous. Complete in all of its appointments it is to-day the "king of the road."

It leaves Cincinnati at 6 p. m. daily from Central Union Station, making connections with all through trains from the South, and lands passengers in New York City at Grand Central Station, avoiding ferry transfer.

When you go East take this train. D. B. Martin, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. E. O. McCormick, Passenger Traffic Manager.

Christian Endeavor.

The Mayslick Society of Christian Endeavor asks all delegates to the approaching convention at that place to take with them their C. E. song books, if convenient. The society also wants the friends of Christian Endeavor to feel privileged to attend the convention whether they have been appointed delegates or not.

The books of the Limestone Building Association are open for the subscription of stock to the ninth series. Call on H. C. Sharp, Secretary, James Threlkeld, Treasurer, C. D. Newell, Solicitor, or any of the Directors.

THE MARKETS.

Review of the Grain and Cattle Markets for November 27.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—60c. Corn—38½¢. Cattle—Selected butchers, \$4 10¢; fair to medium, \$3 75¢; common, \$2 00¢. Hogs—Select 1 and prime butchers, \$5 40¢; \$5 50¢; fair to good packing, \$3 25¢; 40¢; common to rough, \$4 75¢; 50¢. Sheep—\$1 25¢; 35¢. Lambs—\$2 25¢; 75¢.

Cincinnati Tobacco.

Offerings for the week.....2,183
Offerings same week last year.....1,208
Receipts for the week.....833
Receipts same week last year.....670
The 2,183 bbls sold as follows: 14 at \$1 00
\$3 90, 120 at \$4 00; 95, 327 at \$4 00; 7 95,
578 at \$5 00; 14 75, 261 at \$10 00; 11 75, 491
at \$12 00; 14 75, 261 at \$15 00; 19 75, 10 at
\$120 00; 23 25, 1 at \$35 00.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, \$4 75¢; 25¢; good, \$4 15¢; 40¢; good butchers, \$3 60¢; 40¢; rough fat, \$3 15¢; 35¢; fresh cows, \$2 00¢. Hogs—Philadelphia, \$5 70¢; 75¢; Yorkers, \$5 60¢; 50¢; roughs, 46¢. Sheep—Extra, \$3 20¢; 40¢; good, \$2 50¢; 00¢; fair, \$1 75¢; 25¢; common, 70¢; \$1 00¢; spring lambs, \$1 15¢.

Chicago.

Hogs—Select heavy and prime butchers \$5 30¢; 50¢; packers, \$5 20¢; 40¢; Cattle—Prime to extra natives, \$5 45¢; others, \$5 00¢; 25¢; stockers, \$2 25¢; 50¢. Sheep—\$1 75¢; 25¢; lambs, \$2 50¢; 40¢.

New York.

Wheat—December, 60½¢; 60½¢. Corn—December, 44½¢; 44½¢. Oats—Western, 30¢; 40¢. Cattle—\$1 50¢; 15¢. Sheep—\$1 75¢; 25¢. Lambs—\$3 50¢; 50¢.

Toledo.

Wheat—Cash, 62½¢ asked; December 63¢; May, 69½¢. Corn—Cash, 37¢; May, 40¢ asked. Oats—Cash, 29¢ bid. Rye—40¢.

Maysville Retail Market.

GREEN COFFEE—#1 B.....25
MOLASSES—new crop, #1 gallon.....35
Golden Syrup.....35
Sorghum, fancy new.....40
SUGAR—Yellow, #1 B.....50
Extra C, #1 B.....50
A, #1 B.....50
Powdered, #1 B.....50
New Orleans, #1 B.....50
TEAS—#1 B.....50
COAL OIL—Headlight, #1 gallon.....15
BACON—Breakfast, #1 B.....15
Clear sides, #1 B.....15
Hams, #1 B.....15
Shoulders, #1 B.....15
REASNS—#1 B.....15
BUTTER—#1 B.....15
CHICKENS—Each.....20
EGGS—dozen.....18
FLOUR—Limestone, #1 barrel.....15
Old Gold, #1 barrel.....15
Maysville Fancy, #1 barrel.....15
Mason County, #1 barrel.....15
Morning Glory, #1 barrel.....15
Riller King, #1 barrel.....15
Magnolia, #1 barrel.....15
Blue Grass, #1 barrel.....15
Graham, #1 sack.....15
HONEY—#1 B.....15
HOMINY—#1 B.....15
MEAL—#1 B.....15
LARD—#1 pound.....15
ONIONS—#1 peck.....15
POTATOES—#1 peck, now.....15
APPLES—#1 peck.....15

SPECIAL BARGAINS

BROWNING'S

Forty-two-inch All Wool Homespun at 40c. per yard; fifty-two-inch All Wool Cloths at 50c. per yard; All Wool Serges, forty inches wide, all colors, at 50c. per yard. Hand-some, new style Cloaks, in Tans, Navy and Black, at \$5, \$7, \$10 and \$12.50. The best goods ever shown for the money. Don't buy a Cloak until you have looked at our stock. Standard Prints at 5c.; yard-wide Brown Muslin at 5c.; an extra heavy Canton Flannel at 10c., sold everywhere at 12 1-2c.

Call and See us; We Will Save You Money.

BROWNING & CO.,

51 EAST SECOND STREET.

THE TARIFF BILL!

It is hard to foretell if the Tariff Reform bill will pass the House or not, but it is easy to tell that the Misfit Clothing Parlor is the Leader of low prices and the firm sells perfect goods at

PRICES LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN TOWN.

THE MISFIT CLOTHING PARLOR, 128 MARKET ST.

POWER & REYNOLDS,

NEXT DOOR TO THE POSTOFFICE.

Agency for

Sterling, Columbia, Warwick, Progress, Princess

UNION

And: Cheaper: Cycles!



Do You Know That

5c. will buy a yard of good Calico, Cotton or Canton?
8c. will buy best 10c. Canton?
19c. will buy a Lady's 25c. Vest?
25c. will buy a Lady's 35c. Vest?
50c. will buy the best on earth for the money?
45c. will buy a good Brussels Carpet?
50c. will buy a good All Wool Carpet?
98c. will buy an Umbrella worth up to \$1.50?
25c. will buy Hose and Handkerchiefs worth 40c to 50c?
89c. will buy a \$1.25c. Corset? See our Stamped Linens and Fancy Goods. Everything very cheap for cash at

HOEFELICH'S,

211 and 213 Market St.

Public Sale!

As Executor of Thomas D. Worthington, deceased, I will offer at Public sale, upon the farm of said decedent, on the Mayslick and Elizaville Turnpike Road, near Mayslick, in Mason County, Kentucky, on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7th, 1893,

the personal property of said decedent, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Utensils, 8 head of Horses, 4 Milch Cows, 2 Steers, 2 Heifers and 27 Sheep. I will sell at same time said Farm, containing 120 acres. It is first-class land, in fine state of cultivation and well watered.

TERMS OF SALE:

Cash for all articles bringing under \$10; six months' time with good surety on all articles bringing that sum or over. The land will be sold for one-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, deferred payments bearing interest. November 15, 1893.

A. R. WORTHINGTON, Executor.

H. C. HAWKINS, Auctioneer.

W. S. YAZELL,

Second Street, Fifth Ward,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at home, 425 East Second Street.

PLACE YOUR ORDER NOW FOR YOUR

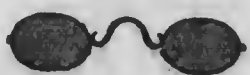
Thanksgiving DINNER!

Nice, Tender Turkeys, Large, Fancy Cranberries, Fine, Juicy Oysters, Imported and Domestic Peas, White Plum Celery, Pure Jersey Sweet Potatoes, English Plum Pudding, Imported Macaroni, Fine Cream Cheese, Sugar Corn.

HILL & CO.

THE NOTED SCIENTIFIC AND PRACTICAL

OPTICIAN,



LOUIS LANDMAN,

Of No. 26 West Seventh street, Cincinnati, Ohio, will be at the CENTRAL HOTEL, Maysville, Ky., on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, December 15 and 16. No one should miss the opportunity of having this thorough Optician examine their eyes FREE of charge, and of securing proper glasses from him. Will call at your home in the city if so desired.

REDUCTION IN COAL!

Just contracted for an invoice of first quality Pomroy Coal, which we offer at 7½ cents per bushel in the yard. Cash must accompany each purchase. Coal charged on the books and delivered, extra. 2d m. DODSON & FRAZEE.

C. F. ZWIGART, JR.,

DAILY MEAT MARKET.

Corner of Second and Sutton Streets.

C. W. WARDLE,

DENTIST.

ZWIGART'S BLOCK

The Jewel.

Get the best. You will save money by doing so. The JEWEL GAS STOVES (Heating and Cooking) are made of the best material and are unequalled. Honesty and ingenuity are combined in their construction. Try one. For sale by J. J. FITZGERALD, The Sanitary Plumber and Steam and Gas Fitter

AN EX-PRIEST ARRESTED.

J. V. McNamara in Custody on Two Charges—Trial Set For This Afternoon.

J. V. McNamara, who was advertised by circulars as a Bishop and ex-priest, lectured at the opera house Sunday afternoon and night and also last night, presumably in the interest of the A. P. A. Last night he talked to men only.

McNamara and his wife have been stopping at the Central. Last night as he was entering the hotel after his lecture he was arrested by Chief of Police Fitzgerald, on the charge of "selling or disposing of a certain book, the chief feature or characteristic of which is to record the commission of crime." The book complained of is entitled "The Confession of a Nun."

The warrant was sworn out under an act of the last Legislature, and the penalty for such offenses is a fine of from \$25 to \$200.

McNamara was taken before Squire Grant about midnight and executed bond, with Mr. George M. Clinger as surety, in the sum of \$200 for his appearance this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

When arrested McNamara was searched and a pistol was found in his overcoat pocket. Another charge of carrying concealed a deadly weapon was entered against him and he will be tried also for this offense this afternoon.

Fire, cyclone and tobacco in barns, insured in reliable companies by D. M. Runyon.

For your Thanksgiving turkey and poultry of all kinds, game, oysters, cranberries, celery and everything good to eat, of the very best quality, go to R. B. Lovel.

LADIES, have you seen the display of cut glass at Ballenger's? It is the finest ever brought to Maysville. Remember he guarantees his goods to be just as represented.

NOTICE—If you are poor and need help, or sick and wish to be visited, address lock box 258, Maysville, Ky., giving name, street and number. Your wants will be promptly attended to.

SCARCE, the forger who recently escaped from jail at Lexington, was seen on a southbound Cincinnati Southern train Sunday night, en route to Chattanooga. He boarded the train at Nicholasville. It is thought he has been in hiding at Lexington since his escape.

TO REDUCE a very large stock of watches, I have made a great reduction in prices on ladies' and gentlemen's solid gold, gold-filled and silver watches. I have also a very large stock of silver watches for boys and girls, prices lower than ever. P. J. Murphy, successor to Hopper & Murphy.

HON. I. N. TOLLE, who has been Probate Judge of Adams County, Ohio, for twelve years, and who was recently defeated for the fifth term, will, it is said, contest the election of his Republican opponent W. R. Mahaffey. The latter has a majority of twenty-seven on the face of the returns.

'SQUIRE BALL, of Sardis, has been agent of the Etna Insurance Company for twenty-three years, and met with his first loss a few days ago when Willis Fite's house just over the line in Robertson County burned. The building was a small one, and was insured for \$350. The company paid the loss promptly. The fire started from a defective flue.

THE Norton Iron Works of Ashland began the shipment Saturday of an order that will break all records of that plant. The shipment will comprise about twenty train-loads, of eighteen cars each, and all goes to New Orleans and other points in the South. The plant has sufficient orders to keep them busy at least three months. This doesn't look like hard times.

THE venerable Mrs. Apphia Pepper met with a serious accident Saturday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John W. Watson. While alone in her room she accidentally fell and fractured the bones of one of her hip joints. Mrs. Pepper is ninety-three years of age, and probably the oldest woman in the county. The accident will probably disable her the rest of her days.

DENVER has organized a secret society as a rival to the A. P. A. This new organization is the "Society of Liberty and Loyalty." It is non-sectarian in nature, and is opposed to religious interference in any form, and will combat any society or organization that proscribes any one because of religious beliefs. It starts out with 3,000 members, numbering many of Denver's best citizens.

THAT dread malady la grippe having again made its appearance in our midst, it behooves every one to take all precautionary measures against the sudden changes in the temperature. A pair of fleece-lined jersey leggings, of which you may see a complete line of ladies', misses' and children's at Miner's shoe store, will be a source of great comfort and protection to you this winter. A full stock of ladies' overgaiters also.

GOVERNOR BROWN believes that if the proposed consolidation of the L. and N. and the C. O. and S. W. railroads is accomplished it will be calamitous to the commercial interests of the State. He says: "It will make the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company a monstrous monopoly, and, in the future, but few railroads will be constructed in Kentucky. The questions involved will be most carefully investigated, and all possible steps taken to prevent the consummation of this gigantic scheme."

PLUM pudding—Callhoun's.

GEO. W. SUTHER, law, fire insurance.

TORNADO policies—W. R. Warder, agt.

Mr. JOHN BEERY of the L. and N. is on the sick list.

Mr. M. R. GILMORE has been quite ill for several days.

THE banks will all be closed Thursday—Thanksgiving.

MR. CHARLES H. WHITE is ill with an attack of the grippe.

THE wife of Rev. H. O. Morrison is critically ill at Lexington.

TOBACCO in barns insured by Duley & Baldwin, agents, Court street.

THE marriage of Mr. Andrew Roth and Miss Bridget Craven occurs to-day at St. Patrick's Church.

REV. JOSEPH GEIS, of the Newport Union Bethel, will shortly wed Miss May Doud, the organist.

ELEVEN foxes and thirty-two rabbits were captured in a "drive" in Adams County last Saturday.

THE late cold snap was the coldest November weather that has been experienced in this section in years.

JOHN W. THOMPSON has sued the town of Ripley and the Council of that place for \$928.84 salary due him as Marshal.

THE union Thanksgiving services at Mayslick will be held at the Baptist Church. Rev. F. M. Tindler, of the Christian Church, will deliver the discourse.

CAPTAIN SWEENEY, U. S. A., San Diego Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by J. James Wood.

REV. R. F. CALDWELL, of Sharpsburg, celebrated the eighty-second anniversary of his birth November 24th. He has resided at Sharpsburg since 1839, with the exception of sixteen years.

REV. F. M. TINDER has been unanimously called to the pastorate of the Mayslick Christian Church for the sixth year. He is a zealous worker and has been very successful in his labors.

THOSE wishing to see the finest display of chrysanthemums ever shown in Maysville will find them at H. H. Cox & Son's, florists and seedsmen, in Sixth ward, on street railway line, fifteen minutes ride from center of city.

MAYSVILLE COMMANDERY No 10, Knights Templar, at their stated convocation last evening conferred the illustrious order of Red Cross upon John M. Webb, of Willard, Ky., E. L. Kazee, of Catlettsburg, and A. D. Burns, of Greenup. Members from a distance were in attendance as follows: W. B. Williams, Cincinnati, Ben E. Roe, Greenup, J. E. Pollock, G. A. Coram, Greenup, V. B. Dawson, Ashland, D. J. Taft, Greenup, W. J. McKee, Greenup, W. L. Sowards, R. E. L. Wilson, Greenup, and David Dunbar, Manchester. The order was conferred by V. E. Sir W. LaRue Thomas, Deputy Grand Master of Grand Encampment, U. S. A.

Women Slummers.

The Indianapolis members of the Chicago "slumming" expedition have returned home. The ladies who joined in the expedition are recognized leaders in W. C. T. U. work in Indiana. All of them are reported as excessively chagrined over the publicity given their visit to Chicago slums, which was undertaken with the best of motives.

"There are some falsehoods which should be corrected," says Miss Ayres. "We left our lodgings at 11 p. m. and returned at 1:15 precisely. We did not visit the worst resorts either. We aimed to inspect the more decent varieties, but the Lord knows for that matter they were all bad enough. The detective who guided us said it was no uncommon occurrence for parties of religious ladies to visit these resorts for scientific purposes, and our visit would never have leaked out if it had not been for a Judas Iscariot of a newspaper man, who gave the whole affair away."

"We had but one simple, solitary and laudatory purpose in making the visit," continued the lady. "We wanted to find some practical means of elevating fallen women. Our object was to ascertain what relationship the tobacco and liquor habits bear to this unmentionable vice which we are seeking to cure. If we can strike at the root of the disease, it will be a comparatively easy matter to cure the disease itself. We ascertained that there was a very close relationship between the three vices, and that the latter is superinduced by the tobacco and liquor habits. Now we know whatever we do to lessen the amount of tobacco and liquor sold, by just that much will we lessen the vice which we are slaying at."

Miss Ayres was asked if what the ladies saw was calculated to lessen their estimation of humanity in general. "They were simply shocking. I had never dreamed that so much evil existed. Most of the resorts were like gilded palaces and were always accompanied by liquor and tobacco attachments where the girls indulged as freely as the men. I never want to see the like again. We were not prompted by morbid curiosity. We were working in the interests of social purity, and our motives were of the highest character. We believe that we did a good work."—Indianapolis Cor. Cincinnati Enquirer.

A CHRISTIAN WOMAN.

Rev. Charles Louis Loos Pays a Tribute to the Late Mrs. Ann Shackelford.

The following tribute to the late Mrs. Ann Shackelford is from the pen of Rev. Charles Louis Loos, of Lexington, and is taken from the Apostolic Guide, of Louisville:

This excellent Christian woman died at Lexington, Ky., at the home of her son, Professor John Shackelford, on the 7th of the present month.

She was born at Maysville, in this State, August 19, 1802, and was married to Dr. John Shackelford, in her native place, on the 26th of December, 1823.

Mrs. Shackelford was of a deeply religious nature, which strongly manifested itself from her childhood to old age. She was brought up in the Presbyterian communion, and carried in her heart through all her life the priceless treasure of a deep, enlightened, joyful faith in God and his Son Jesus Christ, and which never was darkened by a shadow of doubt or fear, but only grew stronger as years advanced. Her gentle, quiet, loving spirit gave a charm not only to her own life, but also to the life of her household.

Some years after her marriage, in obedience to her conviction of truth and the voice of duty, she was baptized and united with the Christian Church at Maysville. Dr. Shackelford had been baptized some time before. From this time forth, piety, love and peace, and a supreme devotion to the interests of the cause of God reigned in this Christian household. Dr. Shackelford's home was a welcome and a welcoming home for God's people, and marked by the highest forms of Christian hospitality. The husband was a Christian gentleman of the highest type, and the wife was adorned with the best graces that constitute true Christian womanhood.

It was a real happiness to know this excellent woman, and still more so to enjoy her intimate acquaintance, especially in her own home. She was one of those precious souls whom we rejoice to meet in this life, and who never by motive, word or deed injure or seek to injure their fellow-beings. The law of her life was love and kindness toward all. And yet she was a woman of more than common force in all the traits that constitute true Christian womanhood.

In January, 1885, Dr. Shackelford died also at Professor Shackelford's home at Lexington, at the ripe age of eighty-four years. Although not of a vigorous constitution and an invalid for a long time, yet Mrs. Shackelford reached the same high limit of life. It was her happiness to come to the house of God as long as her feeble strength allowed her this coveted enjoyment.

Her mind remained clear to the last hours of her life. "I am near the brink and will soon be over," were her words to me, with the accustomed kind pressure of her hand, two days before her death.

She was buried in the cemetery of Maysville by the side of her husband, in the presence of a large concourse of the people who had so long known her and so greatly esteemed her. The five sons, of whom Professor Shackelford is the oldest, who now mourn the loss of a mother so tenderly loved by them, have great reason to thank God for the gift, inestimable to them, of this unusually long life of such a father and such a mother. May the memory and the blessed influence of this life be a supreme benediction to these souls!

THE LATE JUDGE HEARD.

He Was a Native of Kentucky, Who Went West and Grew Up With Missouri.

Brief mention was made last week of the death at Washington City of Judge George Heard, who married Miss Mollie Gilpin formerly of this city. The couple visited in Maysville last spring, and were warmly welcomed by Mrs. Heard's many friends.

The Tuesday before he died Mr. Heard left Sedalia, Mo., his home, for Washington City, intending to spend the winter at the National Capital. He had contracted a severe cold, and Mrs. Heard, who accompanied him, tried to dissuade him from the trip until he had recovered. Being very robust for a man of his years, he thought that he could make the journey in safety, but on the way he grew worse rapidly, and his cold developed into pneumonia, so that when he arrived at Washington he was critically ill, and died the next day.

Deceased was eighty-five years of age, and was one of the most prominent citizens of Sedalia. He was a native of Kentucky, but had lived nearly his whole life in Missouri. Born in Lancaster, Ky., he went to Missouri in 1816, before that section had been admitted to the Union as a State, and when the settlers were obliged to build block houses for protection from the Indians. He studied law, was admitted to the bar and practiced his profession for many years, until he retired about fifteen years ago to the quiet life of the country, giving his attention to the management of a large farm which he owned. He was a man of sterling qualities, of good family and a citizen always actively interested in the welfare of his State. His remains were taken to Missouri for burial.

Judge Heard was always an enthusiastic Democrat. His father voted for Thomas Jefferson for President of the United States, and his own first vote was cast for Andrew Jackson. His political belief was adhered to by his sons, one of them, Hon. John T. Heard, having served with distinction for five terms as the Representative of the Sedalia district, being at present Chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. S. B. Chunn and son are at home after a visit near Cynthiaana.

Miss Ella Comer has gone to Columbus, O., to attend the Ort-Weis wedding tomorrow.

Miss Moore, of Ripley, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Orr, of East Third street, Saturday.

Mr. M. R. Burgess, of the C. and O. railroad, accompanied by his father, Mr. A. R. Burgess, will return from an extended western trip this week.

Miss Anna Noonan, a student at the Academy of the Visitation, will be the guest of Miss Mae Burgess during the Thanksgiving holidays. Miss Noonan's mother and Mrs. Burgess were friends and schoolmates during their girlhood days in Covington.

Free Lecture To-night.

Rev. Edward Thomson, LL. D., will lecture at the M. E. Church, South, this evening, commencing at 7 o'clock, on "The Dangers That Threaten Our Land." He is Secretary and General Manager of "The Sunday League of America." The public cordially invited to hear him.

Additional Bargains!

—AT THE—

BEE HIVE!

We will continue the sale of Special Bargains offered last week, and announce now some still greater ones in addition.

These Prices Talk:

Very best table Oil Cloth, yard and a quarter wide, 12 1-2c. a yard, positively the 25c. quality.

Ladies Silk Handkerchiefs, embroidered in silk, 10c. each. You can see them in our show window. They're worth double.

Children's Caps in silk and velvet, 50c. each, all colors. Other stores get a dollar for some not as fine.

All Wool French Homespun, a very popular dress goods, fifty-six inches wide at 50c. a yard.

New effects in thirty-eight inch Hop-Sackings, illuminated Chevrons and other fancy dress goods, all at 29c. a yard. These are 50c. goods, but were bought by us from an eastern house pressed for money, we are therefore able to offer them at 29c.

Satine Comforts, large size \$1.00; Calico Comforts, full size 85c.; Blankets at 79c. a pair and upwards; All Wool Flannel Skirts, 75c., sold everywhere at \$1.

ROSENAU BROTHERS,

Proprietors Bee Hive.

McCLANAHAN & SHEA,

DEALERS IN

STOVES, RANGES,



Mantels, Grates, Tinware, Tin-Roofing, Gutting and Spouting.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS

EXECUTED IN THE BEST MANNER.

CHENOWETH'S

DENTINE,

—FOR—

Cleansing, Preserving and Beautifying THE TEETH.

Price, 25c.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH, DRUGGIST,

Second and Sutton, Maysville, Ky.

BIERBOWER & CO.,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, TINWARE.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE CELEBRATED JOHN VAN RANGES.

River News.

The gauge here shows 6 5-10 feet.

The Stanley and Congo passed down yesterday.

The lighthouse tender Goldenrod passed down this morning.

The St. Lawrence from and to Cincinnati to-day and the Telegraph down to-night.

The City of Vevay passed up last night for Pomeroy in place of the Carrollton. The latter boat broke her shaft at Manchester Sunday and was towed to Cincinnati by the St. Lawrence for repairs.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became a Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Notice Hopper & Co.'s show window for new goods and low prices.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Rooms, either for large or small family. Apply to 112 W. Front street. 19-1f

FOR RENT—The house on south east corner Front and Market, formerly occupied by Karr & Co. and N. Gollenstein. Apply to GARRETT'S WALL.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A second hand, No. 8, cooking stove, good as new. Apply at No. 220, West Market street.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.



ROUTE

Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.

Nos. 19 and 20 are the Maysville accommodation, and Nos. 17 and 18 the Huntington accommodation. Nos. 1 and 2 are the fast express and Nos. 3 and 4 the F. E. V. No. 1 has through sleeping car in which seats can be secured to St. Louis by Big Four Route.

No. 4 (F. E. V.) is a solid train with through dining car and Pullman sleepers to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Through Pullman sleeper to Richmond, Va., and Old Point Comfort. No. 2 is a solid train with Pullman Sleeper to Washington and Old Point Comfort, making all eastern and south-eastern connections.

The accommodation trains are daily except Sunday; the rest are daily. Direct connection at Cincinnati for points West and South.



Leave Maysville at 5:30 a. m. for Paris, Lexington, Clifton, Richmond, Staunton, Livingstone, Jellico, Middleborough, Cumberland Gap, Fishfort, Louisville and points on N. N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.

Leave Maysville at 1:45 p. m. for Paris, Cincinnati, Lexington, Winchester, Richmond and points on N. N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.

Arrive at Maysville at 10:00 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

LOST.

LOST—On Tuesday afternoon, in the Maysville Cemetery, a handsome gold stick pin. The finder will please leave it at this office and receive reward.

WILL SOLDIERS BE NECESSARY.

It Looks Like There Was Going to Be a Little War at Roby, Ind.

LAFORTE, Ind., Nov. 28.—A telegram received from the Roby battlefield states that arrangements are rapidly progressing for the reopening of the arena. Attorney General Green Smith has rendered an opinion that the secretary has no discretion as to articles of incorporation; that he must accept what is offered, the law requiring this.

This has caused an entire change of front on the part of the Roby management, and the contests of science and skill will be given without fear of military interference.

The determination of Governor Matthews to be obdurate has resulted in renewed activity in military circles. Company L of this city is being drilled for field service.

Mad Dog Scare.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Nov. 28.—A dog belonging to Alex Kempf went mad and ran down Main street, snapping at everything that came in its way. A crowd of nearly 100 men and boys went in pursuit and finally killed the dog nearly a half mile from the city, not, however, until several dogs were bitten.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Short Items From Various Parts of the Country.

Actuated by jealousy, Frederick L. Buck of Elgin, Ill., shot his wife dead. He then gave himself up.

Mrs. Charles E. Gaskill of Montana, W. Va., was drowned while crossing the Monongahela river.

Mrs. Stella F. Gatlin, postmistress of Meyersville, Wyo., was found guilty of rifling the mails.

John T. Anders, found dead in his yard at Niagara Falls, N. Y., was a defaulter and killed himself.

The president's message is not half finished and he is denying himself to all callers to work upon it.

John Boards was blown to pieces by dynamite at Hillsboro, O. He let it fall from a wheelbarrow.

Captain Kuehne, arrived at Baltimore from Brazil, says the war when he left looked like child's play.

Captain Fondreux, who sailed from Buenos Ayres for Chicago in June in a small boat, has not been heard from.

Conductor Scott was held to the circuit court to be tried for responsibility for the Grand Trunk wreck at Battle Creek.

Richard Croker, the Tammany chieftain, has retired from journalism, having disposed of his stock in The Daily American.

At Middlesboro, Ky., fire destroyed the residence of Joseph Hen and M. Wilson and five tenement houses. The loss is \$3,000.

Enill Stoecken of Gladbrook, Ia., was sandbagged and robbed of \$107. His assailant is under arrest at Gilford. Stoecken will die.

Earthquake shocks occurred in St. Lawrence county, N. Y. The shock was also felt in St. Johnsbury, Vt., and Greenfield, Massachusetts.

The stove and barrel factory of B. J. Rohr & Son, at Elizabethtown, Ky., was totally destroyed by fire. Loss, \$10,000 to \$12,000; no insurance.

William H. Warman, a wholesale druggist of Bloomington, Ill., was found dead in bed. He was 61 years of age, and his death is attributed to apoplexy.

The business part of the village of Kangley, Ill., on the Illinois Valley and Northern railroad, was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at about \$25,000.

The state department has recognized temporarily Don Luis Muniz, acting consul of Spain at Baltimore in place of Don Carlos Diaz, who recently committed suicide.

Four houses were burned at Monongah, W. Va., several people were injured, and Maggie McDonnell, aged 15, was fatally burned. The hotel adjoining caught, but was saved.

In a freight train wreck on the Norfolk and Western railroad near Wallace's Va., several cars were demolished and Engineer Monroe and brakeman Mitchell and Tobe Matthews were injured.

The Clarksville bending works at Clarksville, Tenn., resumed operation Monday with full orders, giving employment to about 60 workmen. This is among the first mills of the kind to resume in the south.

The leader of the Oliphant (Ark.) train robbers has been captured, but his captor, a deputy sheriff, refuses to give him up to the state authorities until the reward offered is paid. The governor has ordered the deputy sheriff's arrest.

At Gadsden, Ala., the boiler of Wilson Brothers' steamship exploded. Cause, water too low. Dick Brooks, a farmer, warning by the boiler, was blown 100 yards and killed. Three others were hurt. Brooks had just brought a load of cotton to be ginned. His child is dying of fever.

Freight Wreck.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 28.—A freight wreck occurred near Paris on the Louisville and Nashville. The train broke in two. Twice the rear end stopped and the middle portion ran nearly uphill when the cars ran away, colliding with standing cars at the foot of the hill, wrecking a large number of them. No lives were lost.

Bold Robbery.

ALEXANDRIA, Ind., Nov. 28.—Charles Walck, an employee of the Standard Oil company, was sandbagged and robbed in the heart of the city. One of his supposed assailants, William Roach, was arrested.

Cut and Burned.

ELWOOD, Ind., Nov. 28.—Will Halfin, an employee of the hot roll department of the American tinplate works, was caught by a red hot plate and his right forearm terribly cut and burned.

House and Barn Burned.

NEW CONCORD, O., Nov. 28.—The house and barn of John R. Melhaffey, a young farmer of Adams township, were totally destroyed by fire. Loss, about \$2,000; insurance, \$800.

Glass Works Assign.

FOSTORIA, O., Nov. 28.—The Bloomdale flint glass works has made an assignment to Colonel E. S. Bryant. The assets and liabilities are not yet known, but are quite large.

HIS NOTIONS CHANGED.

Why He Didn't Agree With His Friend on the Subject of Vacations.

A little bunch of well known business men were gathered by chance in front of the Lindell hotel. They stood there for some time discussing politics and enjoying the sunshine. Finally, as they were about to separate, one of the group noticed that the overcoat pocket of his vis-à-vis was crammed with railway maps, steamers' guides and time tables.

"I say, Charlie," he said, "why are you collecting all that rubbish? Planning a vacation?"

"Yes," he answered. "Same old thing every year. Go somewhere—go somewhere. I think sometimes I'd rather take my family out here on the Maramec, live in a tent and fish. But no, it's fashionable to hurry away on long and tedious journeys, stop at stuffy hotels, rush through a maze of nonsense and then rush home dead tired, weary, half sick and altogether footsore. The very contemplation of it tires me."

"Why don't you stop it then?" said the questioner.

"Rather a difficult thing to do, I should judge—when your family plans the campaign."

"Do as I did. It just took me three years to accomplish it, and now I live in peace. On our first summer vacation, which was by rail, I devoted my spare time to reading about the statistics, and descriptions of horrible accidents on railroads. At the hotel I brushed up on all the hotel conflagrations since watering places were invented and mentioned them in detail upon all possible occasions. It was a most exasperating and uncomfortable experience for all concerned, I can tell you, but it worked. Next summer, when the vacation business came up, I merely asked if we were going over the same route as before and was met with a most unanimous and emphatic chorus of noes. They were afraid of railroads and hotels, and so they compromised on a long trip by steamboat up and down the river, because it would be entirely safe."

"I prepared myself again, and when the boat moved out I had in my stateroom a couple of books which portrayed in the most heartrending manner the final blowing up of almost every steamboat that ever ran the river. These I dragged out and read with much unction and deep pathos. In the holy calm of the summer evenings, in the glorious hush of the sunlit mornings, I read 'em aloud until we were all afraid we would never get home alive. Well, sir, it was awful! The horrors of those days and nights are with us yet. Next summer I suggested the beauties of a river trip, but nobody seconded the motion, and I soon learned that we were to spend a few months at a small inland resort not many miles distant from St. Louis."

"This was an unexpected flank movement, but I loaded up with statistics, and on cloudy evenings I would lie in the hammock of the resort and tell my family how cyclones are formed and show them how they rush up the valley and sweep resorts from the face of the earth. I was compelled to manufacture a few facts in order to prove that cyclones had a special fondness for summer boarders, but the scheme worked like a charm. We came home a month in advance and have never gone anywhere since. Say, old man, you don't know how I enjoy life now with a week or two in the woods with my fishing and hunting club. It's a great scheme."

And the ugly man laughed a harsh, discordant, exasperating laugh.

Nobody said anything for some time. The group was thinking.

"Yes, sir-ee. It's a great scheme," resumed the ugly man. "Don't you think so, John?"

"No, I don't," said John, "and I'll tell you why. I used to have your notions of a good time, and in consequence the summer outings of myself and family were anything but pleasant. But the little woman is lying out yonder in Bellefontaine now, and when these beautiful days come along I feel as though I would give the universe for one more chance to do something for the comfort and pleasure of one who deserved so much and got so little. That's why."

And John and Charlie and the ugly man turned away without another word. —St. Louis Republic.

He Was Not an Exception.

A Detroit of a very mild and placid temper had some business attended to, or pretended to be attended to, by a Cleveland firm, and do what he could by letter he could not get a settlement. Finally he went there in person and settled the matter.

"It's the worst I ever saw," he said in parting.

"We've attended to a good many people's business," argued the head of the firm.

"But not as you have mine."

"Yes, quite the same."

"Oh, come off," exclaimed the disgusted Detroit. "You can't stuff that down my throat. If you had treated very many people as you have treated me, you would have been killed long before ever I heard of you," and with that burst of anger he walked out perfectly satisfied. —Detroit Free Press.

Effects of a Revival.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Nov. 28.—Leonard Copenhaver, who jumped his bond when charged with cutting, several months ago, became converted at a revival, and returning, gave himself up to the police.

Little Girl Mysteriously Missing.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 28.—The 4-year-old daughter of D. A. Collier of 537 East Long street, mysteriously disappeared on her way to Sunday school, and it is feared that she was kidnapped.

KOCH & BRAUNSTEIN,

NEW STORE.

68 and 70 W. Fourth St., Opposite Pike Opera House.

CINCINNATI.

NEW GOODS.



We now show the largest and most comprehensive assortment in the country of Plain and Decorated China, in sets, courses, and separate pieces. Rich Cut Glass, Bric-a-Brac, Artistic Porcelains, Fine Lamps, Art Pottery, Jardinieres and Pedestals, Italian Marbles, Bronzes, Toilet Sets, Fine Table Cutlery, etc., all at moderate prices.



We prepay the freight to your city on all purchases of \$10 and over. We make no charge for packing, and assume all risk of breakage in transit, thus giving you all the advantages of city customers.

Wedding Presents a Specialty. Correspondence Solicited.

Please mention this paper when you write.



for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ANCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PAROE, M. D.,

125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.



Death of an Ex-Congressman.

ADRIAN, Mich., Nov. 28.—Ex-Congressman Nathaniel Buel Eldridge died yesterday. He served through the war in the Thirtieth Michigan as lieutenant colonel. In 1884 he was elected to congress and re-elected in 1886.

Child Burned to Death.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 28.—Willie Bereham, aged 3, son of Charles Bereham, a resident of Forks of Elkhorn, was burned to death. The child's clothing caught fire while he was reaching over a stove.

Forger Caught.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 28.—Frank P. Scarce, the land forger, who escaped jail at Lexington, Ky., a week ago, was caught here yesterday while locked up in a sleeping car closet going to Mexico.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

DR. J. H. SAMUEL,

[Ex-resident Surgeon Good Samaritan Hospital Ex-acting Superintendent Longview Insane Asylum.]

Physician and Surgeon.

Office with Dr. Strode. Residence, Third street, one door west of Market.

A
4144
CANDLE POWER
LIGHT

Will be used by J. T. Kackley & Co., for their opening, December 1st, of the largest stock of

Fancy Goods

AND BOOKS

ever shown in Maysville. TOY opening December 8. Look out for low prices, for cash. Come and see us.

J. T. KACKLEY & CO.

M. R. GILMORE,

Granite, Marble and

FREESTONE WORKS.

All kinds of Monumental work done in the best manner. Second street, above opera house.

DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,

DENTIST,

Court street. Has relinquished all claim and use of Hale methods. 02241m

DR. P. G. SMOOT,

HOMOEOPATHIC

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office and Residence No. 7 West Third Street, next to R. B. Lovell's Grocery.

A. SORRIES,

Second Street, Near Limestone,

LOCK AND GUNSMITH.

Repairing of all kinds done promptly and on reasonable terms.

WHISKEY and Op' am Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. J. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 1/2 Whitehall St.



DAILY BULLETIN:

You know how it is your self. Doesn't this picture bring up the good days of your youth? How we did enjoy the turkey mother roasted! Well, let us be thankful for the rare blessings vouchsafed us to-day, and with more mature judgment HENRY ORT proposes your good health and invites your attention to the proverb,

"Enough

Is as Good as a Feast."

But at the same time he invites your attention to his stock of goods, such as

EXTENSION TABLES,
DINING CHAIRS,
SIDEBOARDS, ETC.

HENRY ORT,

11 EAST SECOND ST.

J. BALLENGER.

Diamonds,
Watches,
Clocks,

JEWELRY,

STERLING SILVER

KNIVES,
FORKS,
SPOONS.

BRONZES,
BRONZES,
BRONZES.

ART POTTERY,
NOVELTIES, ETC.

TABLER'S PILE
BUCKEYE

POINTMENT

CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.

A SURE AND CERTAIN CURE known for 18 years as the BEST REMEDY FOR PILES.

Prepared by RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.

FARM FOR SALE!

I will sell privately the home farm of Ellis Downing, deceased, containing

137 Acres of Best Mason County Land,

situated on the Clark's Run turnpike, one mile from Washington. The farm is in a high state of cultivation and has upon it a good BRICK RESIDENCE and all necessary outbuildings; a fine orchard and new Tenement House. Everything is in good repair. For further information call on or address JOHN R. DOWNING, Near Washington, Ky., Postoffice Maysville, Ky.